# ECE 103: DC Circuit Analysis

#### IN

## Differential and Integral Calculus

 Differentiate and integrate exponentials, polynomials, and trigonometric functions

## **Complex Numbers**

- Resolve complex numbers into Cartesian or polar representatives
- · Do complex algebra

# **Graphics, Functions**

 Understand elementary theory of functions (continuity, monotinicity, inversion, etc.)

#### **Pre-requisites**

• MATH160 with a minimum grade of C

# **Concepts:**

- Electrical variables and systems of units
  - Charge
  - · Resistance, Capacitance, Inductance
  - · Current and voltage
  - · Power and energy
- Ohm's Law
- · Kirchhoff's Law
- Series and parallel connections
- Circuit Analysis
  - · Nodal and Mesh analysis
- · Circuit theorems
  - Thevenin and Norton equations
- Source transformation
- · Operational amplifiers
  - Ideal Op Amp, OpAmp circuits
- Source-free RC/RL circuits
- Step response RC/RL circuits
- · Source free RLC circuits

# **Applications:**

- DC voltage and current power supply design
- Summing amplifier
- · Differential amplifier
- Digital to analog converter
- Cascade amplifiers
- First order RC, RL circuits
- Delay circuits

#### **Tools:**

MATLAB

#### **OUT**

# **Circuit Analysis**

- Use node and mesh analysis, source transformation and linearity to determine node voltage and loop currents
- Find Thevenin and Norton Equivalent Circuits
- Analyze basic OpAmp circuits
- Analyze RL and RC circuits

# **Laboratory Skills**

- Analyze measurements
- Command of lab and measurement procedures
- · Write lab reports
- Be proficient with basic lab instrumentation like multimeters and oscilloscopes

#### **Modeling and Simulation**

- · Has introduction to MATLAB
- Understand the role of modeling and simulation