

## The BeerBot is the Next Generation in Beer Security

Design News  
April 26, 2004



To keep his roommates from pilfering his beer reserves, Ryan resolved to build a Fort Knox-like device to protect his brew. The BeerBot waits for a correct activation code and then pours beer until a sensor detects that the cup is full. If a wrong code is entered, a speaker sounds an alarm and a counter is incremented—a combo that would surely prevent all but the most foolhardy from attempting another break-in. Ryan now sleeps peacefully knowing his beer is safe and sound.

### BeerBot parts list

Amt	Part Description	Allied Part #
1	7-segment LED display	505-5462
1	Green LED	263-1239
1	Red LED	263-0115
1	330-Ohm DIP resistor array	755-4815
1	Piezoelectric speaker	854-6636
1	AND gate (quad 2-input)	263-2778
1	Inverter (hex)	263-0167
1	BCD to 7-segment LED decoder	735-4097
1	4 MHz Crystal	614-0014
1	SPDT Relay	686-0013
1	1N4001 Diode	266-0001
2	2N3904 npn transistor	568-8253
1	Push button (NO momentary)	855-1065
3	Toggle switch (SPST)	683-0048
1	Microswitch	676-4198
1	5V Regulator	568-3101

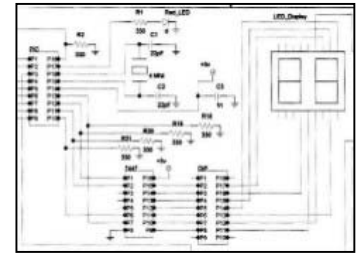
Additional parts required: Capacitors, resistors, PIC microcontroller, old CD-ROM drive, fluid pump and tubing, fluid sensor, some brewskis

## Description:

The BeerBot requires a code to be entered before it will operate. If the three toggle switches are set to an incorrect combination and the enter button is pushed, the 7-segment LED increments one and sounds an alarm. Each additional time an incorrect combination is entered, the display counts up one and an increasingly annoying alarm is sounded. Once the correct combination is entered, a tray is ejected and waits for a cup to be placed on it (detected by a micro switch). The tray then retracts and, as it hits a hinge on its way back into the housing, a fluid detector is lowered into the cup. A pump then begins to pour hoppy goodness from a reservoir into the cup until either the enter button is pressed again or the cup is full.

## Electrical:

One of the motivations for designing the BeerBot (besides thwarting my thieving roommates) was to create a project to explore the functionality of a PIC microcontroller, as well as other basic circuit elements. So, this is a good beginners' project to start playing with microcontrollers and circuits in general. I used a PIC16F84, though there a lot of other PIC models that would work equally well. The PIC16F84 has only 13 I/Os, so some additional components were used to aid in the logic. For example, AND gates and inverters were used to reduce the toggle combination to a single input and a BCD to 7-segment LED decoder is used to reduce the 7-segment display outputs from seven to four.



(Click for full wiring diagram)

As a first foray into PIC programming, it is extremely advantageous to use a high level programming language like PicBasic Pro. Assembly language is the main alternative and likely to turn you off from microcontrollers if you're a newbie to writing code. [Here](#) is my PicBasic code for the BeerBot. Even if you've never seen PicBasic, it is a very readable language and should let you better understand how the switches, sensors and actuators interact.

The fluid sensor can be purchased from various online vendors or built yourself if you're feeling saucy. It is a relatively simple circuit that outputs 5V when two metal leads are both in a fluid.

## Mechanical:

Because it's often tricky to design a device to produce linear motion from scratch, the cup tray is simply an old CD-ROM drive that was put out to pasture. The pump, which is immersed in the beer container (which can be housed within the BeerBot), is a cheap bilge pump rated at 12V but will drizzle out foamy beer at 5V. Rather than have two power supplies, I decided waiting a few more seconds for beer would only make it taste that much sweeter when the nectar hit my lips.

## Possible Improvements:

The possibilities are endless. If your roommates are smarter than mine, you would probably want to increase the number of input combinations (three toggle switches have only eight possible combos). A keypad is the logical solution. Also, the 7-segment LED can be upgraded to an LCD to display more useful information as well as flaunt your electronic savvy.

In my particular project, some of the components are unnecessary (as you can quickly deduce from the wiring diagram). The logic gates, for example, could be eliminated and replaced with slightly creative wiring. But more ICs on your board are useful for better impressing your nerdy friends.

## PicBASIC Code:

```
' ** define variables ** '  
RED var PORTA.0           'RED LED output  
CUP var PORTA.1           'CUP input  
CODE var PORTA.2         'CODE input  
ENTER var PORTA.3        'ENTER input
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SENSOR var PORTA.4          'SENSOR input
ALARM var PORTB.0          'ALARM output
PUMP var PORTB.1          'PUMP output
RVS var PORTB.2          'output for motor in reverse direction
FWD var PORTB.3          'output for motor in forward direction

pins var byte[11]          '11 element array for pin settings
song1 var byte[12]        'array for song notes
i var byte                 'for designating pin
j var byte                 'counting variable
ms var byte               'for alarm counter
tone var byte             'tone of buzzer (1 -> 127)
increment var byte        'add/subtract increment from tone
alarm_time var byte       'length of time to sound alarm (in 12 ms)
motor_time var byte       'length of time to push cup (in ms)
auto_off var byte         'max length of time to keep pump on (safety feature)
reset_time var byte       'max length of time until program is reset (safety feature)
bring_back var byte       'max length of time to wait, after cup is full, until plate is
                          'brought back in

' ** START ** '
CLEAR                      'clear registries

' ** define port settings ** '
TRISA = %11111110         'PORTA.0 is LED output, rest are inputs
TRISB = %00000000         'ALL PORTB pins are outputs

' ** define which pins display what ** '
'pins[i] = %ABCD0000      'first 4 pins are Qa,Qb,Qc,Qd; last 4 are low
                          'PORTSB.0,1,2,3 (ALARM,PUMP,RVS,FWD) are off
                          'PORTSB.4,5,6,7 (Qd,Qc,Qb,Qa) depend on i
pins[0] = %00000000      'diplay 0 (0000)
pins[1] = %10000000      'diplay 1 (1000)
pins[2] = %01000000      'diplay 2 (0100)
pins[3] = %11000000      'diplay 3 (1100)
pins[4] = %00100000      'diplay 4 (0010)
pins[5] = %10100000      'diplay 5 (1010)
pins[6] = %01100000      'diplay 6 (0110)
pins[7] = %11100000      'diplay 7 (1110)
pins[8] = %00010000      'diplay 8 (0001)
pins[9] = %10010000      'diplay 9 (1001)
pins[10] = %11110000     'diplay ? (1111)

' ** song array ** '
song1[0] = 65
song1[1] = 69
song1[2] = 73
song1[3] = 77
song1[4] = 82
song1[5] = 87
song1[6] = 92
song1[7] = 97
song1[8] = 103
song1[9] = 110
song1[10] = 116
song1[11] = 123

' ** initialize ** '

```



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SOUND ALARM,[tone,1]           'sound alarm for 12ms
tone = tone + increment*2*i     'increment tone
IF ((tone>127) OR (tone<2)) THEN'if the tone is at its boundaries, then
    increment = -i              'switch the sign (+/-) of increment
ENDIF
next ms                          'go back thru the loop
GOTO MYLOOP                      'go back to MYLOOP

' ** subroutine for bringing cup in ** '
_CUPIN:
IF (CUP=1) THEN                  'if the cup button is triggered, then
    PAUSE 20                     'wait for 10*.020 seconds and
    IF (CUP=1) THEN              'check it again to make sure a cup is on the plate
        HIGH RVS                 'reverse motor
        PAUSE motor_time        'for motor_time seconds
        LOW RVS                 'turn off motor
        IF (CUP=1) THEN         'if there is still a cup on the plate, then
            PAUSE 100
            HIGH PUMP           'turn on the pump
            GOSUB _FULL         'until the cup is full
        ELSE                     'otherwise
            HIGH FWD            'push the cup back out
            PAUSE motor_time    'for motor_time seconds
            LOW FWD             'turn off motor
        ENDIF
    ENDIF
ENDIF
GOSUB _CUPIN

' ** subroutine for checking to see if the cup is full ** '
_FULL:
IF (CUP=1) THEN                  'as long as there is a cup on the plate, then
    IF (SENSOR=1) THEN          'if the sensor is tripped, then
        PAUSE 10                'pause for .01 sec
        IF (SENSOR=1) THEN      'check it again to make sure, then
            GOSUB _CUPOUT      'push the cup out
        ENDIF
    ENDIF
    PAUSE 10                    'wait .01 sec
ELSE                              'if the cup is ever lifted from the plate, then
    GOSUB _CUPOUT              'push the cup back out
ENDIF
GOSUB _FULL                      'if the cup hasn't been filled after auto_off time, then
                                'push it out anyway (to prevent the pump from running
                                indefinitely)

' ** subroutine for pushing the cup back out ** '
_CUPOUT:
i=0                              'reset counter to zero
PORTB = pins[i]                  'change display
LOW PUMP                         'turn off the pump
PAUSE 500                        'wait for 1/2 second to let pump bilge rest of liquid
HIGH FWD                         'push the cup out
PAUSE motor_time                 'for motor_time seconds

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LOW FWD                                'turn off motor
GOSUB _NOTIFY                          'beep alarm to signal that user needs to do
something
GOSUB _CUPBACKIN

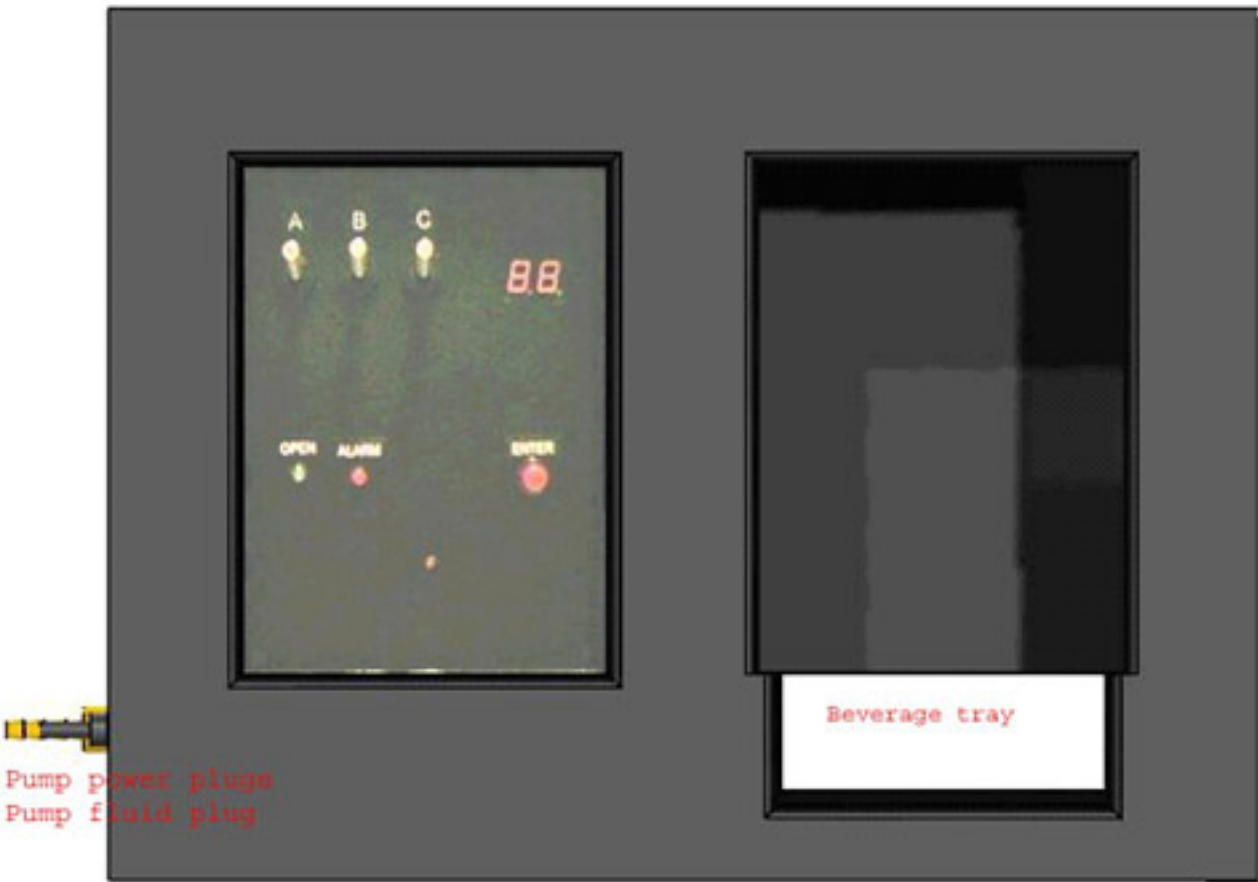
_CUPBACKIN:
IF (CUP=0) THEN                        'if the cup is removed, then
HIGH RVS                               'reverse motor
PAUSE motor_time                       'for motor_time seconds
LOW RVS                                'turn off motor
GOTO MYLOOP                            'go back to MYLOOP
ENDIF
GOSUB _CUPBACKIN                      'go back to CUPBACKIN

' ** subroutine for beeping alarm to signal that user needs to do something ** '
_NOTIFY:
FOR ms=0 TO 11
PORTB = pins[ms]
SOUND ALARM,[song1[ms],5]
PAUSE 8
NEXT ms
PORTB = pins[i]
RETURN

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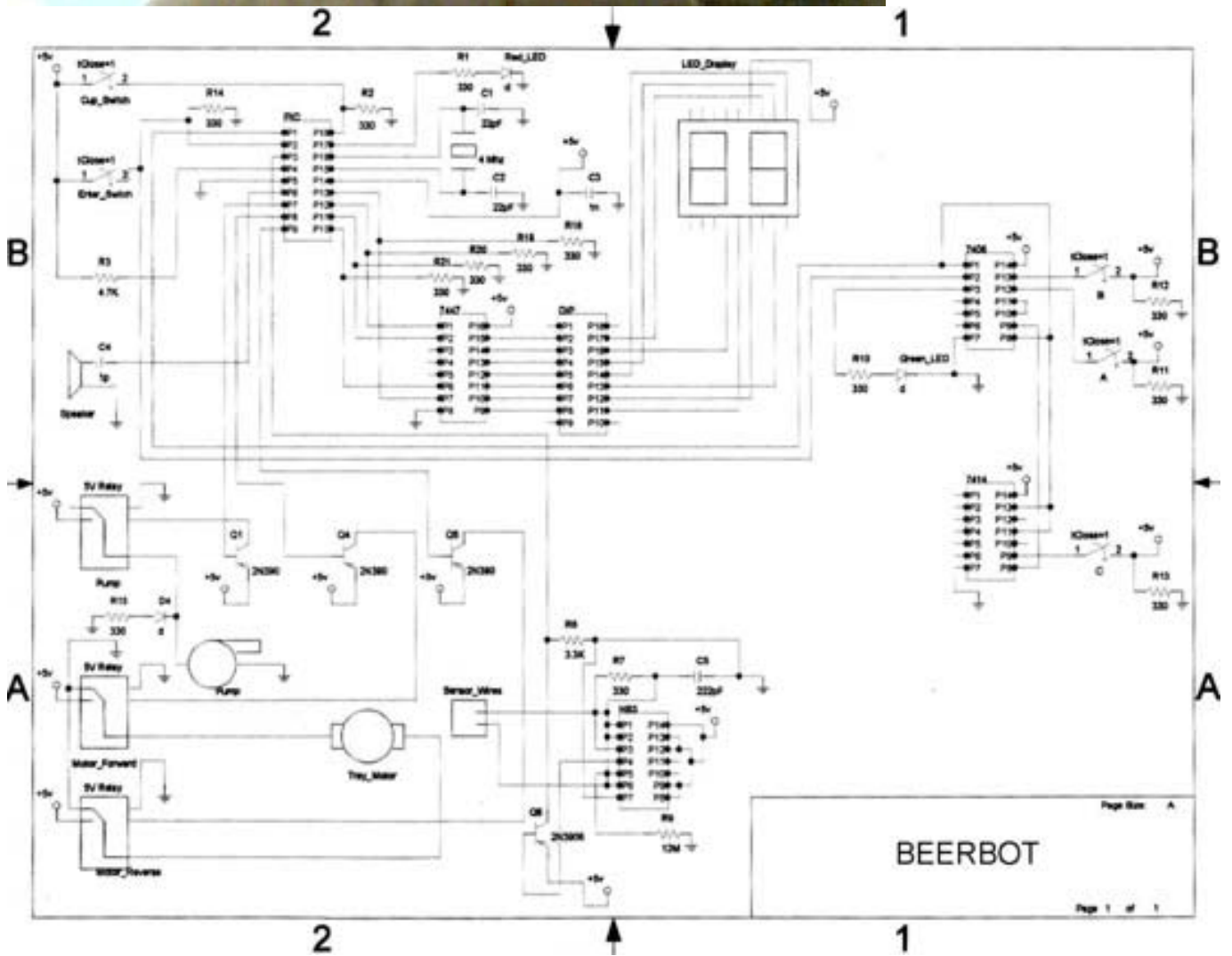
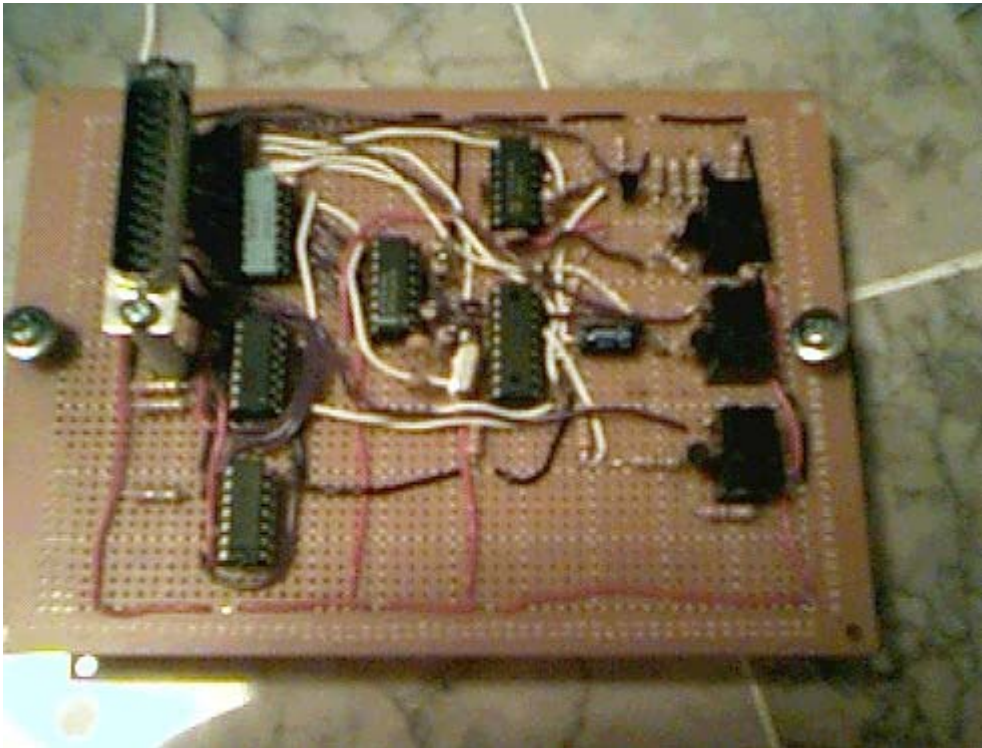
### Other graphics:



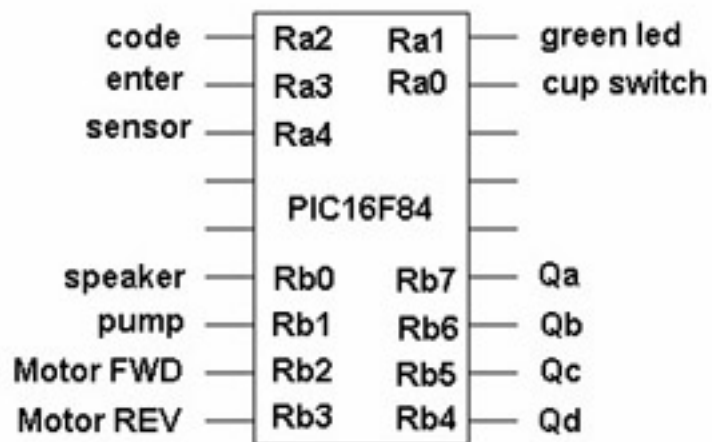


Pump power plug  
Pump fluid plug

Beverage tray







**See It In Action:**

The BeerBot can be viewed in all its glory at [http://www.engr.colostate.edu/~dga/video\\_demos/mechatronics/index.html#PIC\\_PROJECTS](http://www.engr.colostate.edu/~dga/video_demos/mechatronics/index.html#PIC_PROJECTS).

CAD drawings and other information can be found at <http://www.engr.colostate.edu/~ryanf/beerbot.htm>