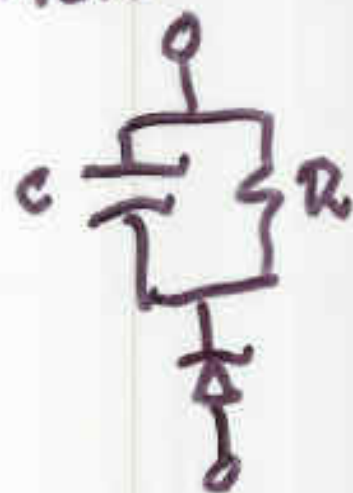


Forward Converter

$D \leq 1/2$ restriction
avoided by

R-C-diode circuit
to
eliminate "reset coil"



R

dissipates $E = \frac{1}{2} L_m i_v^2$

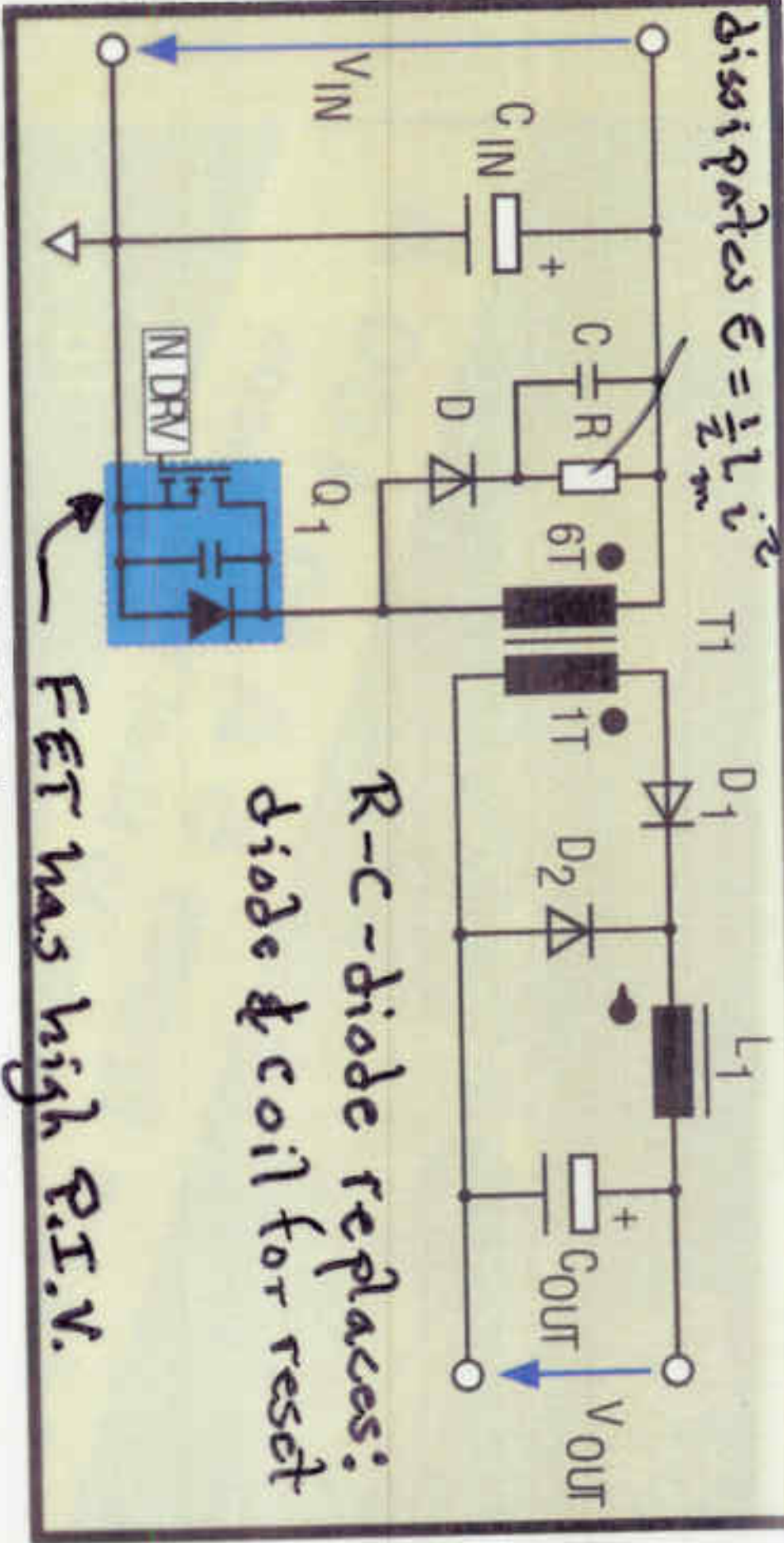


Fig. 1. Forward converter with RCD clamp.

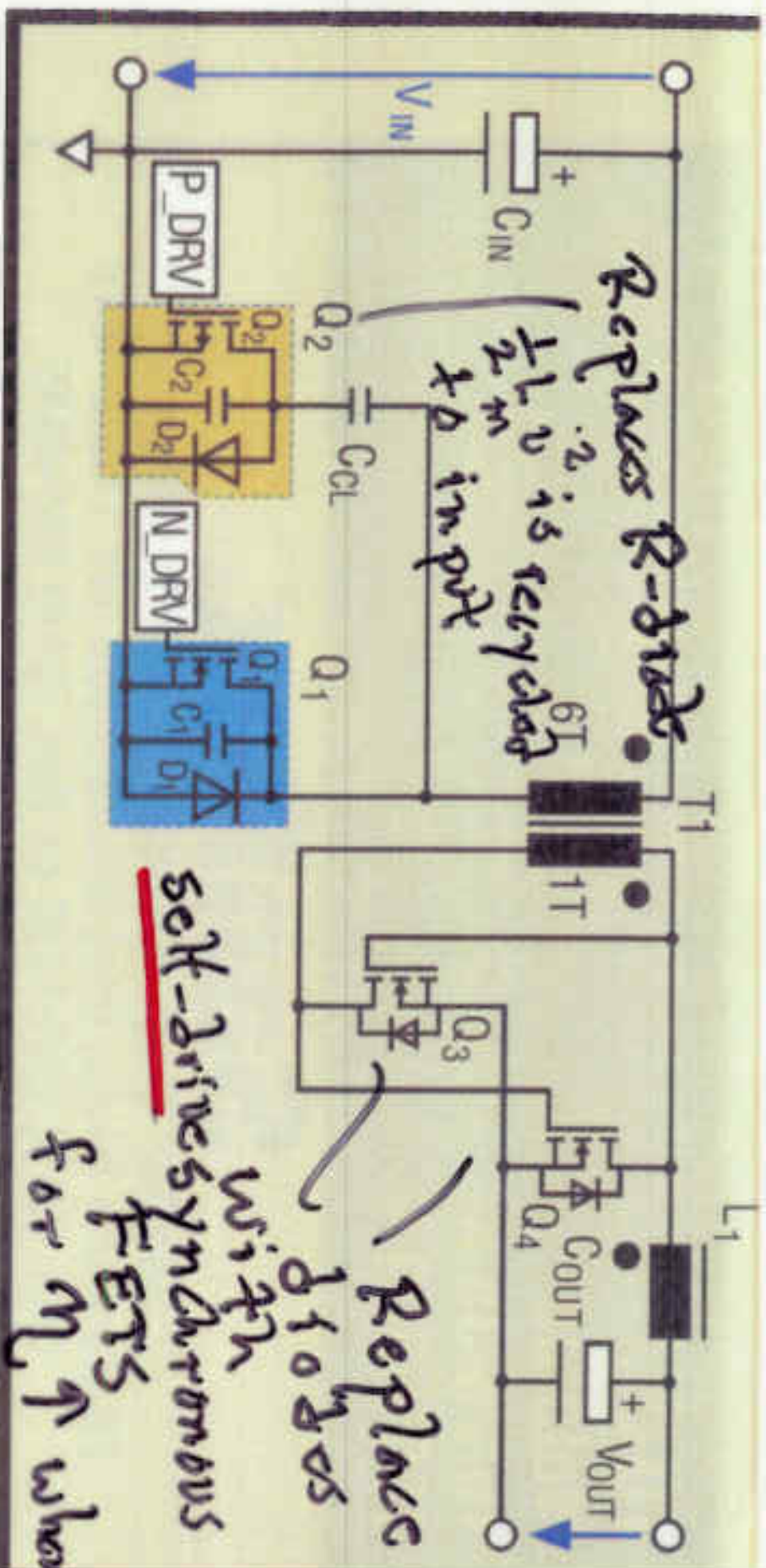


Fig.2. Active clamp schematic.

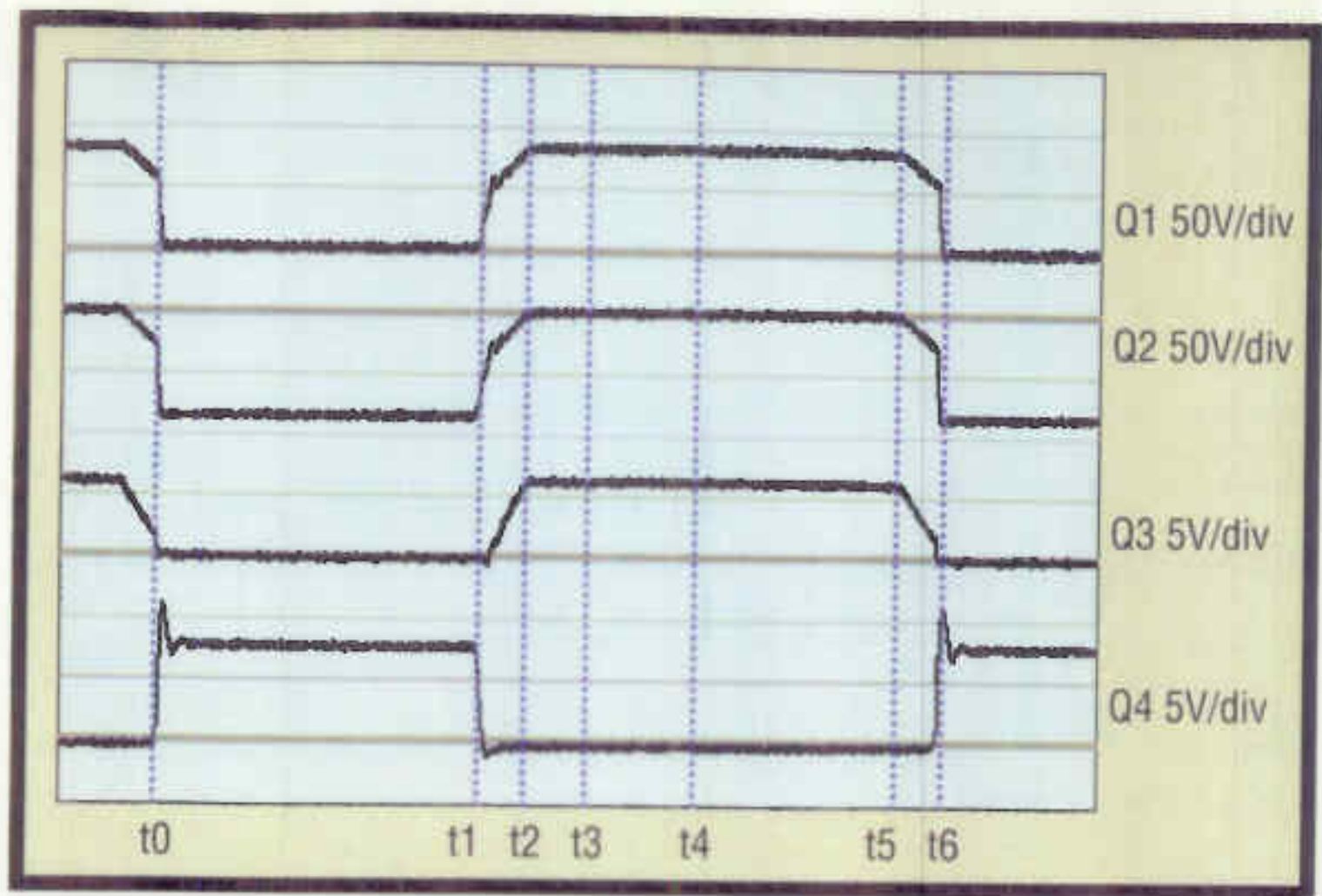


Fig. 3. MOSFET Drain to source waveforms for Q_1 and Q_2 on the primary and Q_3 and Q_4 on the secondary side.

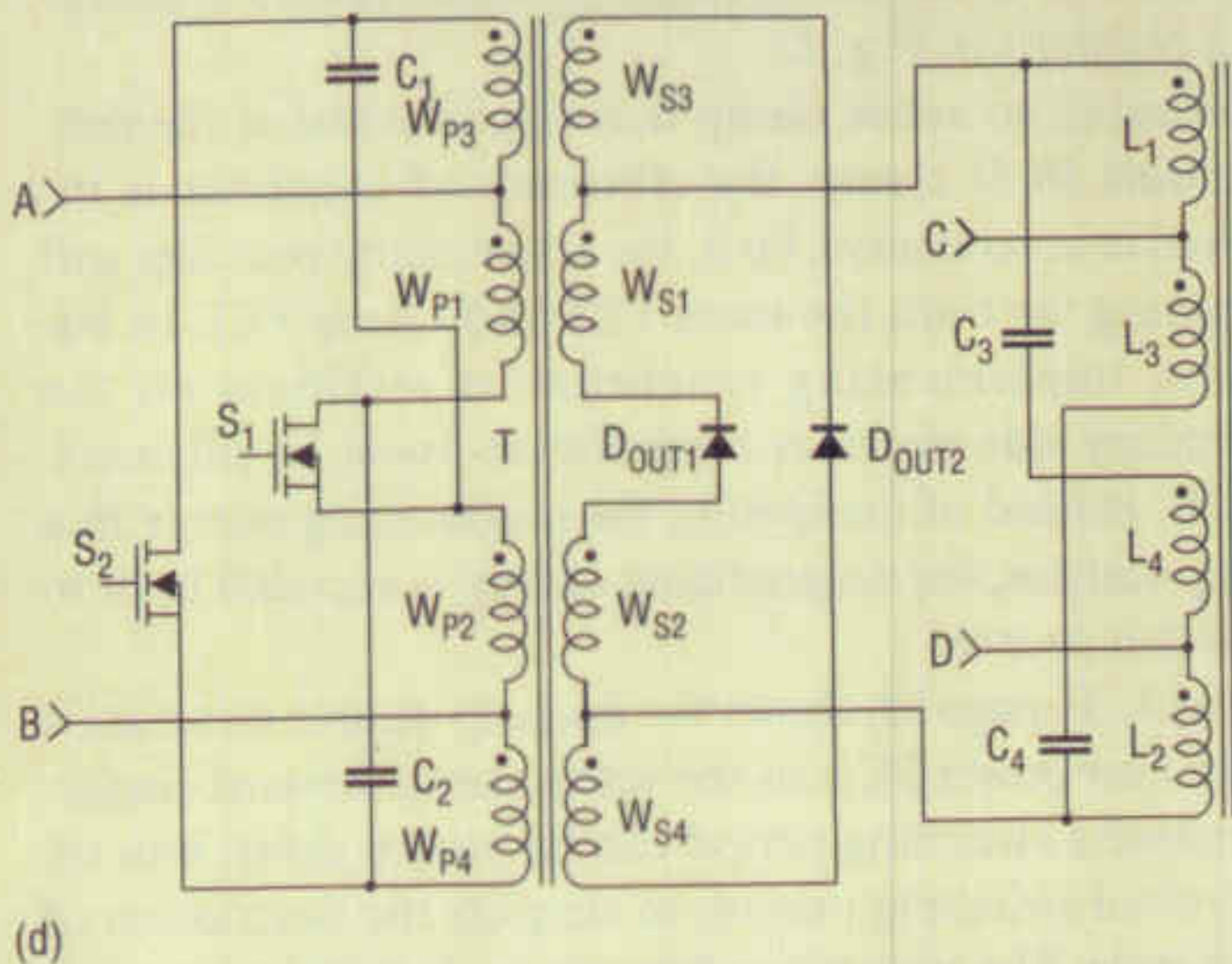


Fig. 4. (d) Fully balanced push-pull forward converter with terminal ripple current cancellation.

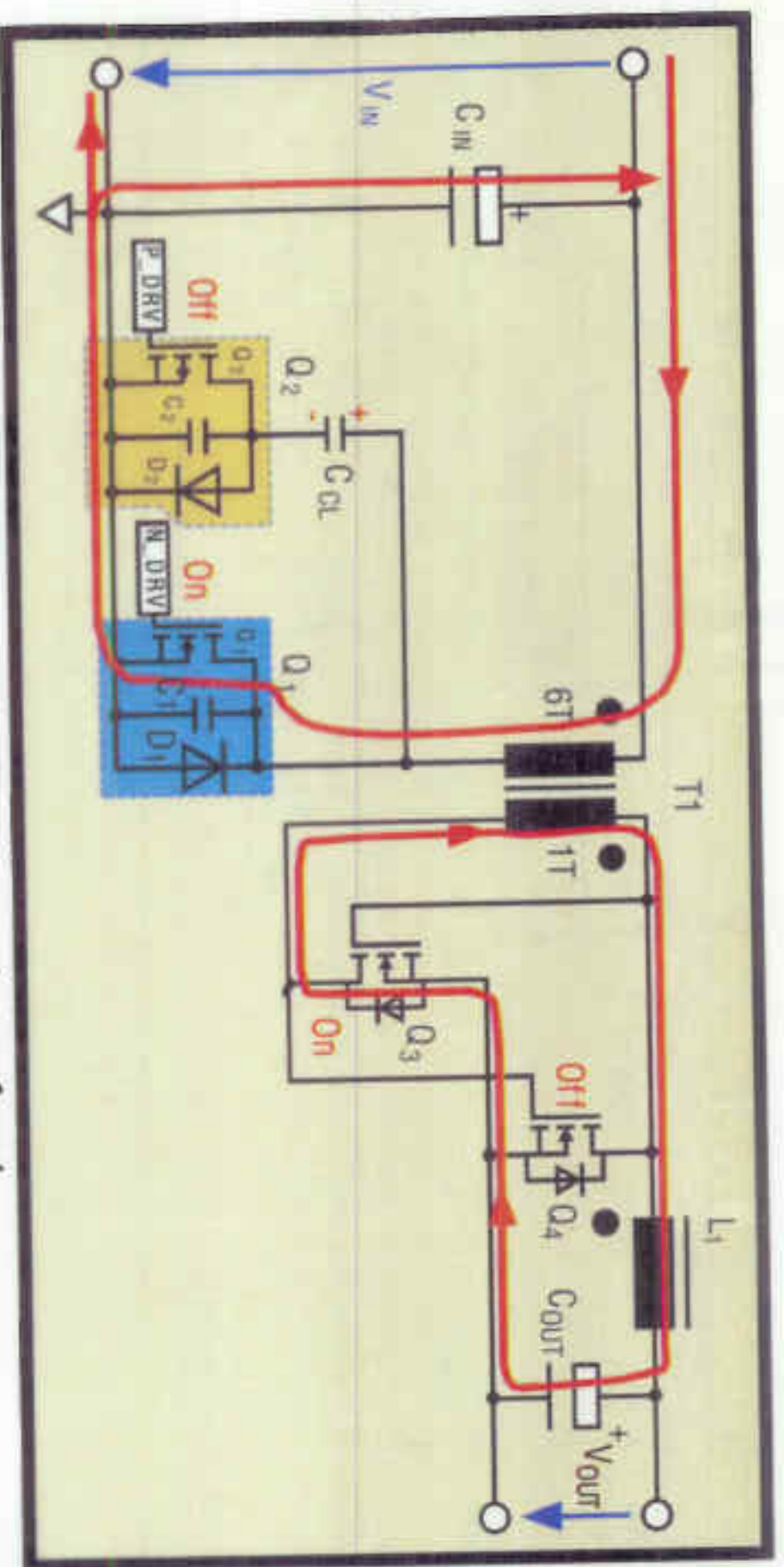


Fig.4. $t_0 \rightarrow t_1$ —Magnetizing energy is stored in T_1 —Current is transferred.

ACTIVE CLAMP DESIGN

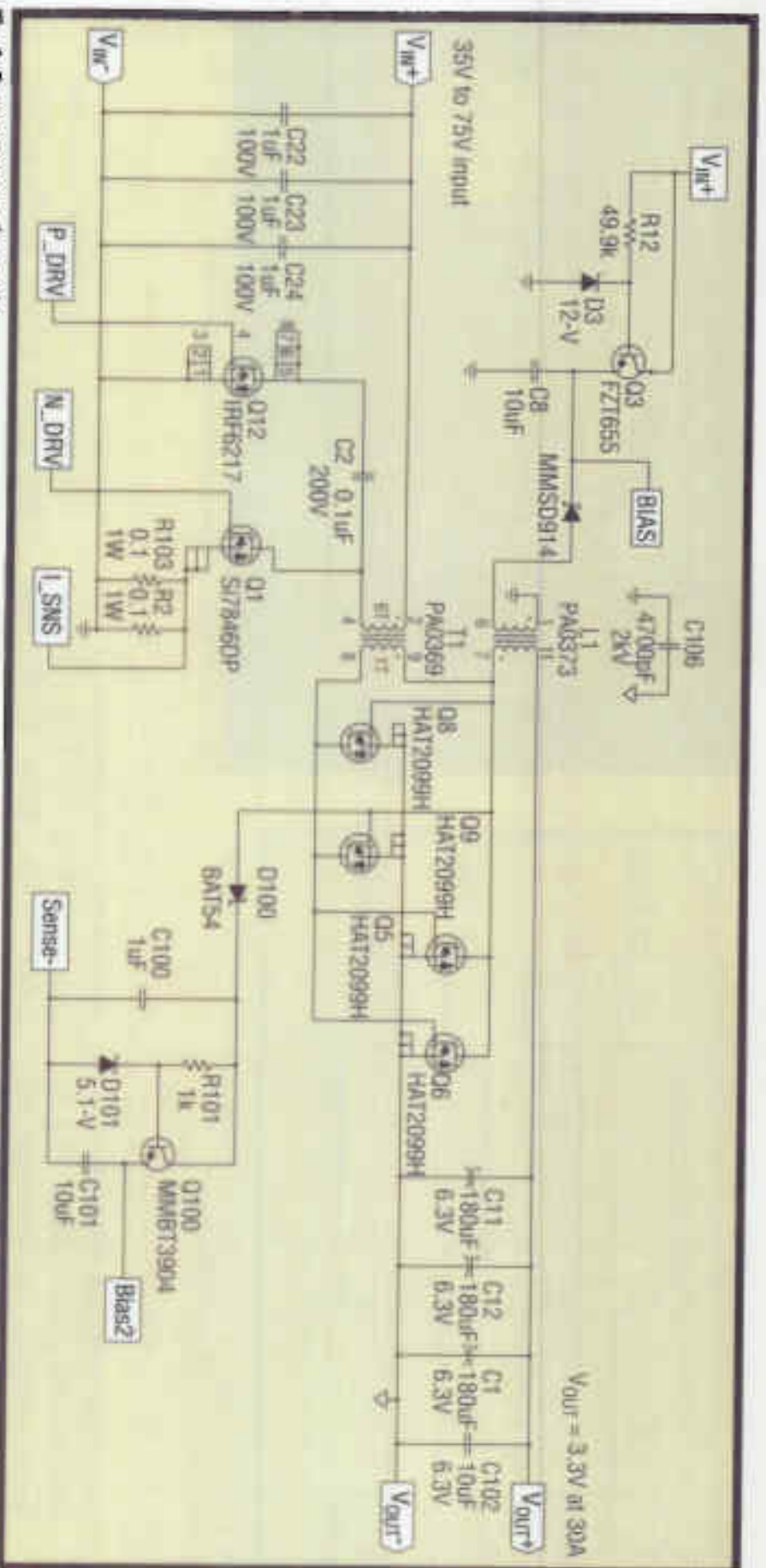


Fig. 6. Power stage schematic.

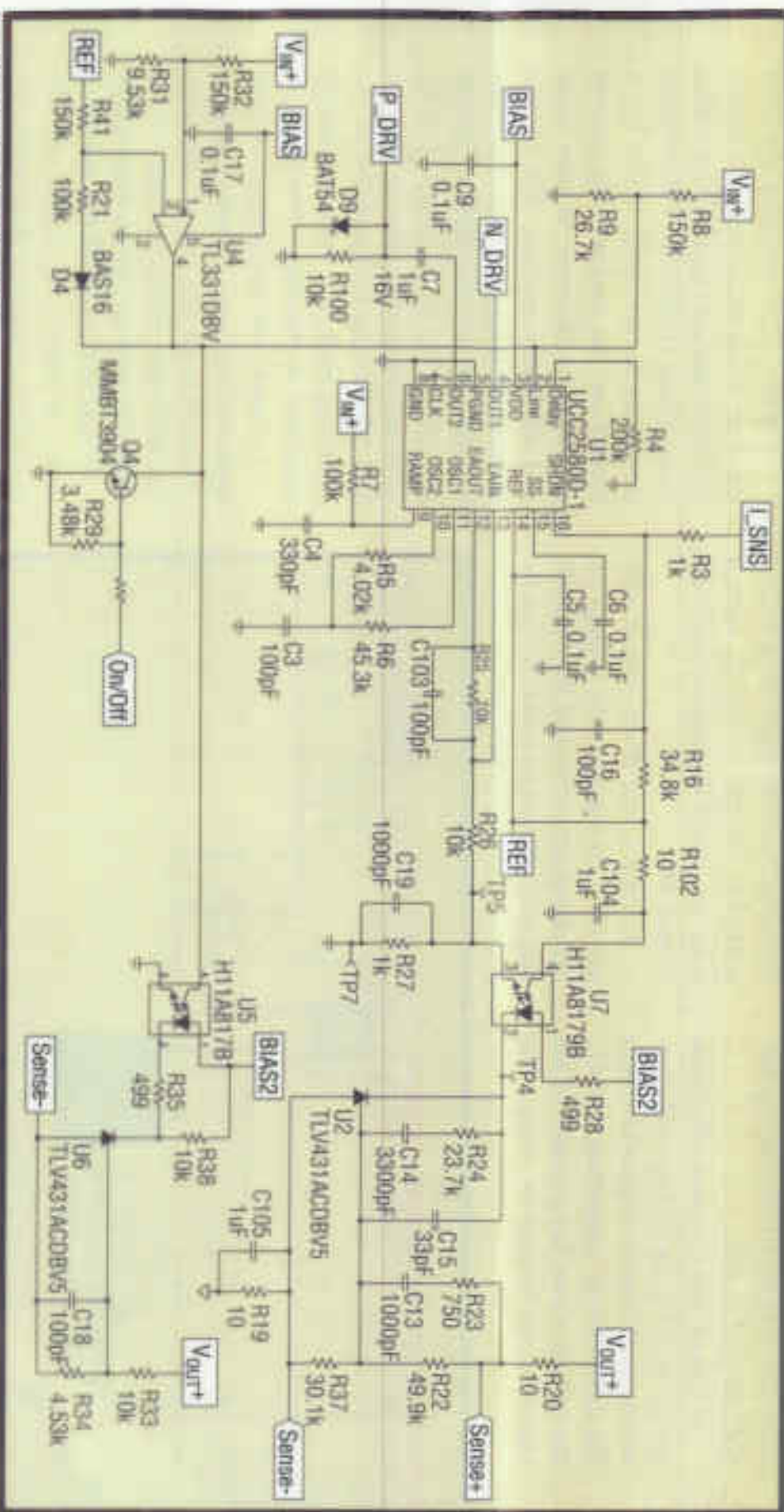
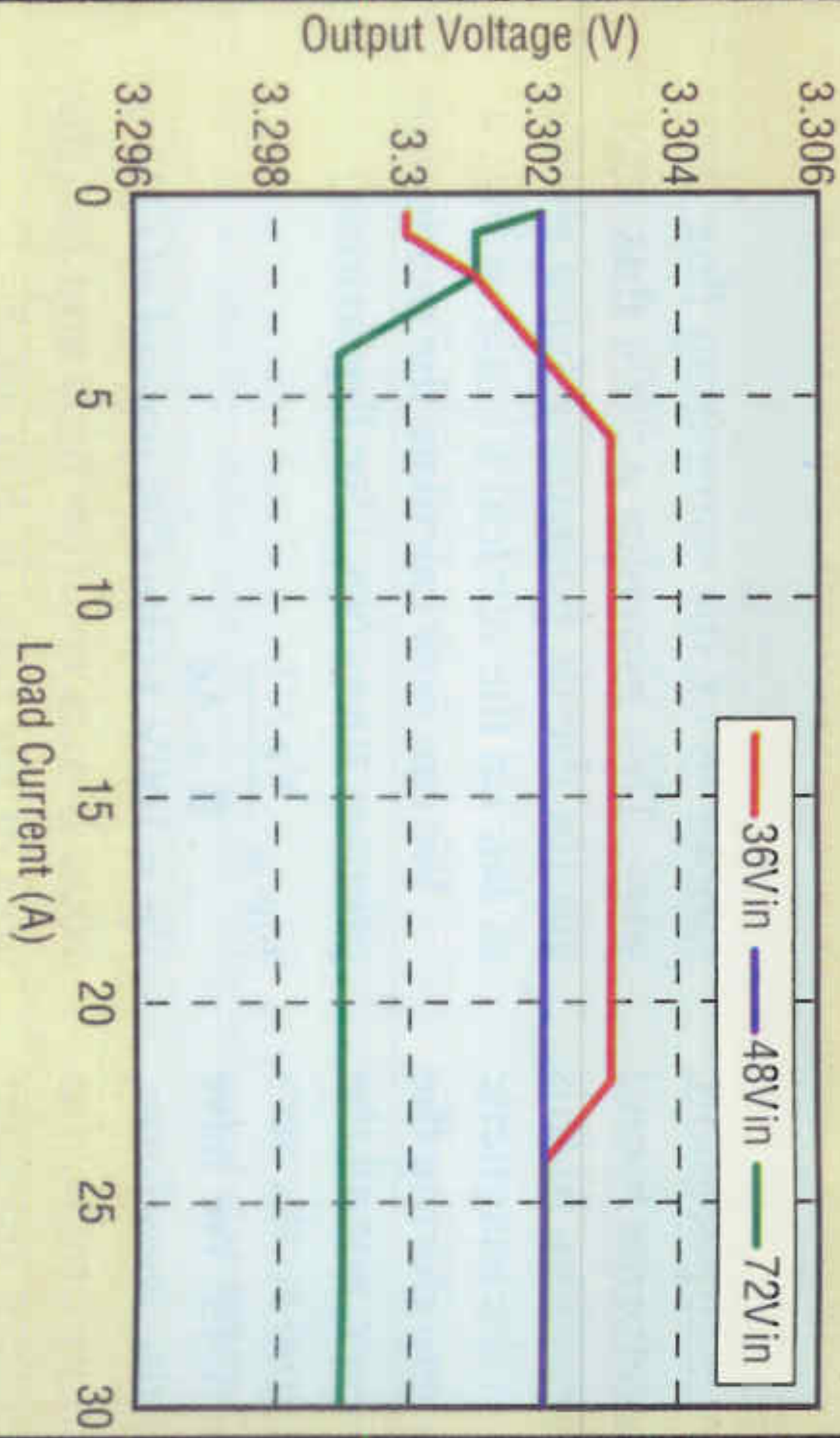


Fig. 7. Control stage schematic.



ACTIVE CLAMP FORWARD



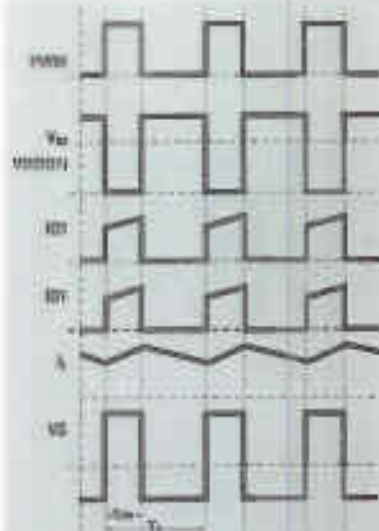
$$\frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}} = \left(\frac{N_S}{N_P} \right) \times \left(\frac{I_{OH}}{I_P} \right) = \left(\frac{N_S}{N_P} \right) \times D$$

$$I_{O1}(\text{max}) = \left(\frac{N_S}{N_P} \right) \times I_{OUT}$$

$$V_{DS} = V_{IN} \times \left(\frac{1}{1-D} \right)$$

$$I_{O1} = I_{OUT} \times D$$

$$V_{D1} = V_{OUT} + V_{IN} \times \left(\frac{N_S}{N_P} \right) \times \left(\frac{1}{1-D} \right)$$



Active Clamp and Reset Technique Enhances Forward Converter Performance (SEM1000)
Design Considerations for Active Clamp and Reset Technique (SEM1100)

UCC2891, 2, 3, 4, 7
UCC3580-1
UC3324