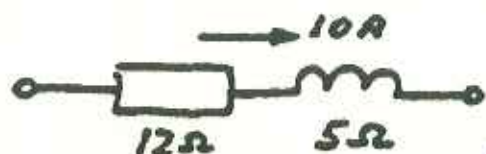


7-17



} Given

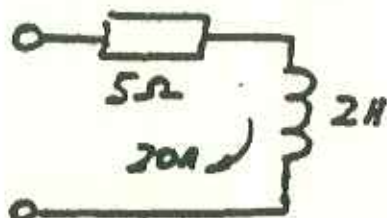
a.  $P = 10^2 \times 12 = 1200 \text{ W}$

b.  $Q = 10^2 \times 5 = 500 \text{ var}$

c.  $S = \sqrt{1200^2 + 500^2} = 1300 \text{ VA}$

d.  $\cos \theta = 1200/1300 = 0.923$

7-18

DC  
V

a.  $P = 20^2 \times 5 = 2 \text{ kW}$

b. no reactive power is absorbed because the

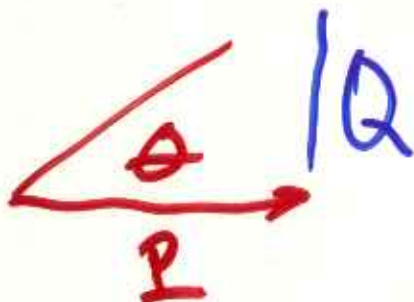
current is dc.

7-19

$P = 1200$ ,  $\cos \theta = 0.8$   $\therefore S = 1200/0.8 = 1500 \text{ VA}$

$Q = \sqrt{1500^2 - 1200^2} = 900 \text{ var}$

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# Fuel Cells

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## ✧ Gas vs. Hydrogen

- ◆ General gasoline engine description
- ◆ General fuel cell description
- ◆ Compare

## ✧ Cost

- ◆ Explore the different costs of fuel cells financially and environmentally
- ◆ Compare to gasoline engine costs

## ✧ Public Opinion

- ◆ What seems to be the general feeling of people towards fuel cells?
- ◆ Will they ever reach mass production?



# Fuel Cells

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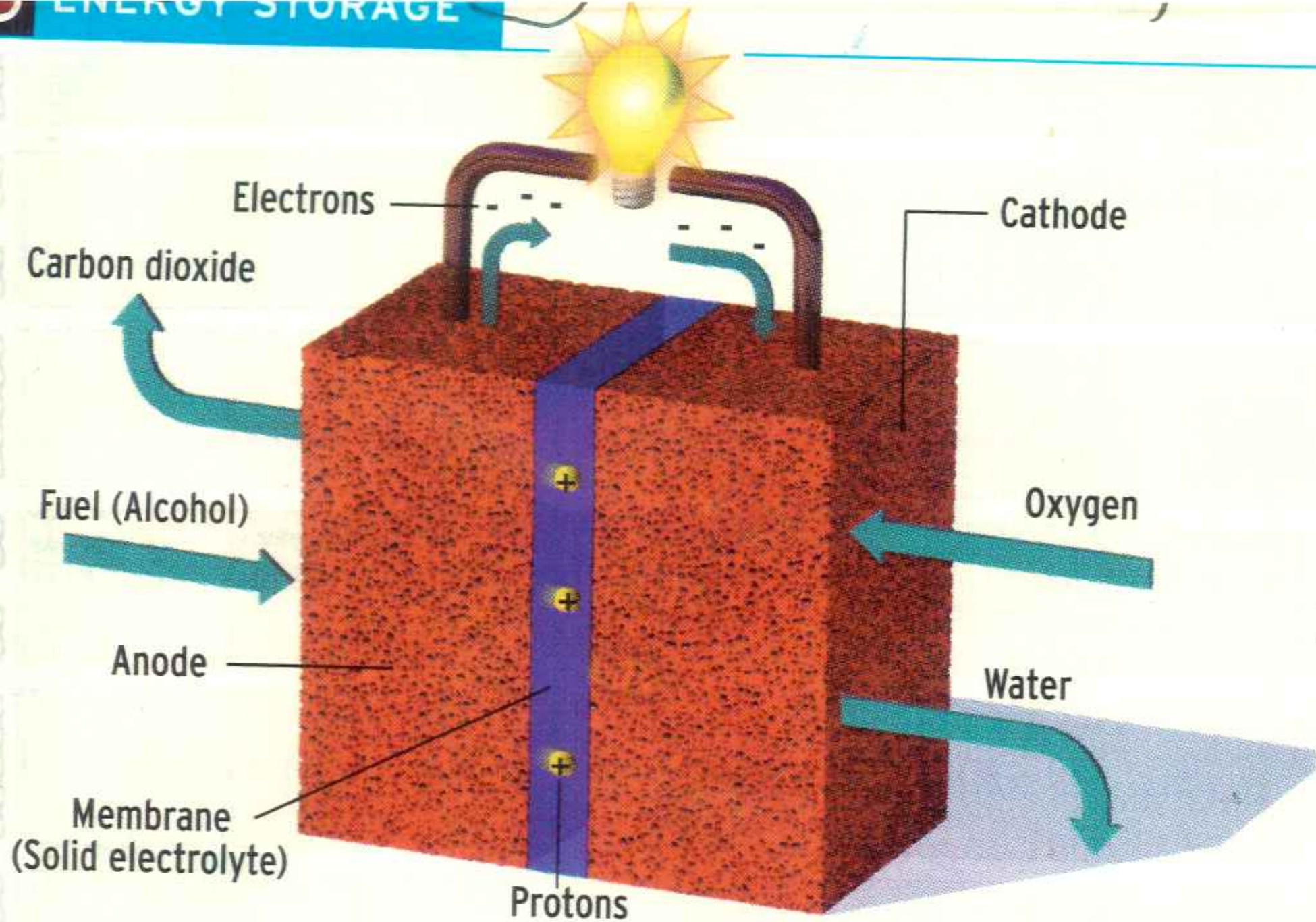
## ✦ Safety

- ◆ Hindenburg comparison
- ◆ what happens if the hydrogen is ignited
- ◆ health issues

## ✦ Future

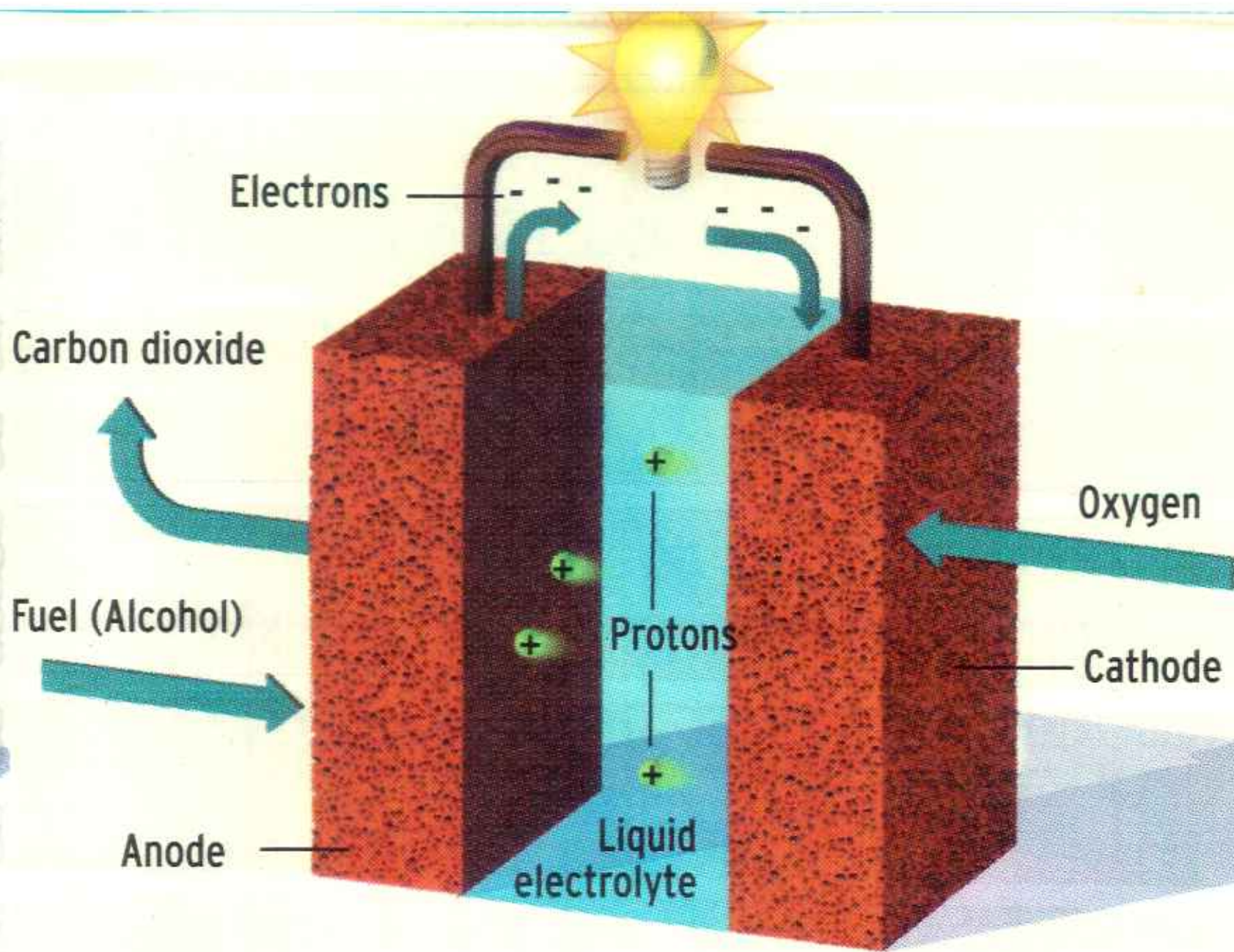
- ◆ time line for mainstream use
- ◆ Are fuel cells inevitable





The heart of the MTI/MFC fuel cell is the





Designed from the get-go to be as inexpensive as possible, the Medis

## Chapter 7

### Part 1

- Review
  - Laws
  - Basics
  - Reactive Load
- Power Factor
- Legal
  - Fed/State Rules
  - IEEE Rules
- Conservation vs. Economics
- Extra Problems
- Fuel Cells