ESL Teacher Training Seminar **Edwin Chong**

Outline

- # Some personal information
- #Who are international students?
- ☐ The psyche of an international student
- # Reaching out to an international student
- **#** Some novice pitfalls
- # Final remarks

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Some Personal Information

- # Born in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
- # Ethnically Chinese
- # Multilingual: Cantonese, Malaysian, English, Hakka, Mandarin
- # A "veteran" international student
 - 1982-1988: Adelaide, Australia
 - 1988-1991: Princeton, New Jersey

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More Personal Information

- # Christian; member of Faith EFC
- # Professor of Electrical & Computer Engineering
- # Active in international student ministry
- # Active in faculty ministry
- # Amateur philosopher

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Assumptions

- #ESL teachers are interested in:
 - Friendship with internationals
 - Learning about other cultures and ways of thinking
 - Reaching out with Christ's love
 - Evangelism

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Who are International Students?

- # Academic elite, cream of the crop.
- # Potential leaders of their home countries' future.
- # Likely well to do in their home countries.
- # From a multitude of religions.
- # From a multitude of political ideologies.
- # Even from a single country, many kinds.

Example: PRC

- # Can be divided into three major "generations":
 - Older Generation (40 to 60)
 - Middle Generation (29 to 39)
 - Younger Generation (18 to 28)

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PRC: Older Generation

- # Strongest ties with Chinese tradition.
- Suffered most during China's Cultural Revolution.
- #95% will return home.
- Poorest adaptability to new culture and language.

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PRC: Middle Generation

- Grew up in "new China:" strict regimen of atheistic Communism.

 Grew up in "new China:" strict regimen of atheistic Communism.
- # Disillusionment and "crisis of belief."
- # Ambitious, hard-working, critical.
- # High adaptability to American culture.
- # Hope to settle in the US.

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9

PRC: Younger Generation

- # "The lucky generation:" didn't experience hardships of Cultural Revolution.
- # Idealistic, confident, competitive.
- # Many plan to stay in the US.

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International Student Psyche

- # What is in their minds?
- # How do they feel?
- #What do they think of being here?
- #What do they think of you?
- #Why are they in an ESL class?

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11

A Thought Experiment

- # Imagine a far-away planet where you can improve your life in dramatic ways
- #You're around 18-28
- Leave your family and friends
- # May not always feel welcome there
- # Don't know anybody there

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A Thought Experiment (cont.)

- Speak different language
- **♯** Different cultural norms: E.g.: It's rude to eat with your mouth closed.
- # Favorite past-time: chewing tobacco

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A Thought Experiment (cont.)

- Cost of traveling there (one-way): \$50,000
- Apartment rent: \$35,000
- # Hamburger: \$175
- Tuition: \$740,000 per academic year (CSU-type school)
- Possibility of getting a job that pays \$40,000

 per month, but may take time to find.

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Insecurities

- **≡** Family
- # Language
- **#** Culture
- # Finances
- **■** Social interaction
- # Isolation

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Family

- May be the first time away from family.
- # Strong sense of duty and debt toward family.

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Language

- # English proficiency
 - To study and get good grades.
 - Maintain self-esteem among Americans.
- # Fear of "losing face."
- # Problems with idiomatic English, colloquialisms, accent.

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Culture

- # Basic conflict: want to assimilate quickly, but deeply attached to own culture.
- **Limited time to adjust.**
- # Confusion with American clichés, colloquialisms, humor, body language, behavior (social rules and norms).

Finances

- # Huge disparity in cost of living.
- # Humble living conditions; minimal monthly allowance for food.
- # American materialism.

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Social Interaction

- # Frustrations with learning appropriate English.
- # Feeling racial discrimination.
- **#** Feeling unwelcome.
- # Insensitivity from Americans.

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Isolation

- #Lonely, but cultural tradition may keep them isolated.
- #Spouses especially experience isolation and boredom. (Many ESL students are spouses.)

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Reaching Out

- Be a friend.
- # Friendship before evangelism.
- # "Accommodationist" approach.
- # Walk the talk.

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Pitfalls: Common Source

- # Humans: multi-faceted.
- # Examples: Language, attire, knowledge of current affairs.
- # We adjust our behavior according to our perception of these facets, by associating them with more basic properties (e.g., maturity, social stature, level of education).
- # Typical "pattern" of facets: huge difference between Americans and internationals.

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Language and Maturity

- #When speaking with a child, we use simple language (because of limited language skills).
- #When speaking with a child, we talk about unsophisticated things.
- # Pitfall: when speaking with an international, we talk about unsophisticated things.

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Superficial Friendship

- # Friendships in America demand less commitment than in many other cultures.
- #Ulterior motive?

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Sports

- # An obsession in America.
- # Not likely to interest international students.
- # Many internationals view sports as an indulgence, a vice, a folly.

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Humor

- #Takes different forms in different cultures.
- # Expression of humor and lightheartedness may be more inhibited in some cultures.

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Does Yes Mean Yes?

- In some cultures, it is rude to say "no."
- # So "yes" may not mean "yes."
- # Other similar pitfalls: nodding, flattery, self-deprecation.

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Poor Understanding of Culture

- # Seek to understand the cultural background of your students.
- # Adapt to their way of thinking.
- #Cultural norms may be vastly different.
- #1 Cor. 9:19-23 "To the Chinese, I become like a Chinese, to win the Chinese."

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Ideological Ignorance

- # Seek to understand the major ideologies of your students.
- # Example: what's the difference between Confucianism and Communism?
- # Pitfall: Hasty attack of foreign philosophies without first understanding them.

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Insensitivity Toward Bonds Between Internationals

- # Why do birds of the same feather flock together?
- # Respect the need for internationals to bond with each other.
- # "Citizens of the world?"

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Poor Evangelism

- # American-style aggressiveness.
- # Goal-oriented approach.
- # "Fast-food" evangelism.
- **♯** Point-by-point presentation.
- #Too hasty to share the gospel.

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Final Remarks

- You are a missionary!
- # Resources
 - ISI Online: www.isionline.org
 - Reaching Students From the People's Republic of China, by Joshua Zhong, ISI 1997.

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33